SENATE

REPORT 104-72

EXTENSION OF COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION DEADLINE FOR A HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT LOCATED IN THE STATE OF KENTUCKY

APRIL 27 (legislative day, APRIL 24), 1995.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. Murkowski, from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany S. 421]

The Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, to which was referred the bill (S. 421) to extend the deadline under the Federal Power Act applicable to the construction of a hydroelectric project in Kentucky, and for other purposes, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon without amendment and recommends that the bill do pass.

PURPOSE OF THE MEASURE

The purpose of S. 359 is to extend the deadline contained in the Federal Power Act for the commencement of construction of a FERC-licensed hydroelectric project located in the State of Kentucky.

BACKGROUND AND NEED

Section 13 of the Federal Power Act requires a licensee to commence the construction of a hydroelectric project within two years of the date of the issuance of the license. That deadline can be extended by the FERC one time for as much as two additional years. If construction has not commenced at the end of the time period, the license is terminated by the FERC. Thus, in the absence of this legislation, the FERC would terminate the license at the end of the time period authorized under the Federal Power Act for commencement of construction.

S. 421 would extend the time required to begin construction for a maximum of three consecutive two-year periods for the Cannelton Hydropower Project (Project No. 10228) on the Ohio River in Hancock County, Kentucky.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

S. 421 was introduced by Senator Ford on February 15, 1995. Last Congress, these provisions were included in S. 2384 as passed by the Senate on October 5, 1994.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION AND TABULATION OF VOTES

The Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, in open business session on March 15, 1995, by a majority vote of a quorum present, recommends that the Senate pass the bill as described herein.

The rollcall vote on reporting the measure was 18 yeas, 0 nays, as follows:

NAYS YEAS

Mr. Murkowski

Mr. Hatfield¹

Mr. Domenici

Mr. Nickles¹

Mr. Craig Mr. Thomas Mr. Kyl¹

Mr. Grams

Mr. Jeffords1

Mr. Burns

Mr. Campbell

Mr. Johnston

Mr. Bumpers

Mr. Ford

Mr. Bradley

Mr. Bingaman¹ Mr. Akaka

Mr. Wellstone

COST AND BUDGETARY CONSIDERATIONS

The following estimate of costs of this measure has been provided by the Congressional Budget Office:

> U.S. Congress, CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE, Washington, DC, March 30, 1995.

Hon. Frank H. Murkowski,

Chairman, Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: The Congressional Budget Office has reviewed S. 421, a bill to extend the deadline under the Federal Power Act applicable to the construction of a hydroelectric project in Kentucky, and for other purposes, as ordered reported by the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources on March 15,

¹ Indicates vote by proxy.

1995. CBO estimates that enacting the bill would have no net ef-

fect on the federal budget.

The bill would extend the commencement of construction deadline for a hydroelectric project currently subject to licensing by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). This provision may have a minor impact on FERC's workload. Because FERC recovers 100 percent of its costs through user fees, any change in its administrative costs would be offset by an equal change in the fees that the commission charges. Hence, the bill's provisions would have no net budgetary impact.

Because FERC's administrative costs are limited in annual appropriations, enactment of this bill would not affect direct spending or receipts. Therefore, pay-as-you-go procedures would not apply to the bill. In addition, CBO estimates that enacting the bill would have no significant impact on the budgets of state or local govern-

ments

If you wish further details on this estimate, we will be pleased to provide them. The CBO staff contact is Kim Cawley.

Sincerely,

JUNE E. O'NEILL, Director.

REGULATORY IMPACT EVALUATION

In compliance with paragraph 11(b) of rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the Committee makes the following evaluation of the regulatory impact which would be incurred in carrying out this measure.

The bill is not a regulatory measure in the sense of imposing Government-established standards or significant economic responsibilities on private individuals and businesses.

No personal information would be collected in administering the provisions of the bill. Therefore, there would be no impact on personal privacy.

Little, if any additional paperwork would result from the enact-

ment of this measure.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS

The pertinent communications received by the Committee from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission setting forth Executive agency relating to this measure are set forth below:

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION, Washington, DC, March 14, 1995.

Hon. Frank H. Murkowski,

Chairman, Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you for your letters of February 27 and March 2, 1995, and Committee staff's inquiries of March 13 and 14, requesting my comments on a number of bills to allow for the extension of the construction deadlines applicable to nine hydroelectric projects licensed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Because it is my understanding that the Committee is scheduled to mark all these bills on March 15, I have combined my comments on these bills in one letter.

This letter also responds to your March 2, 1995 request for comments on S. 225, a bill to remove the Commission's jurisdiction to license projects on fresh waters in the State of Hawaii; and to Committee staff's March 13 request for comments on S. 522, a bill to exempt from Part I the Federal Power Act the primary transmission line for a project in New Mexico. The bills fall into four general categories. Each bill is discussed below.

1. Extension of Statutory Deadline to Commence Construction.—Section 13 of the Federal Power Act requires that construction of a licensed project be commenced within two years of issuance of the license. Section 13 authorizes the Commission to extend this deadline once, for a maximum additional two years. If project construction has not commenced by this deadline, Section 13 requires the

Commission to terminate the license.

As a general principle, I do not support the enactment of bills authorizing or requiring construction extensions for individual projects. However, if such extensions are to be authorized, as a matter of policy I would object to granting a licensee more than ten years from the issuance date of the license to commence construction. In my view, ten years is a more than reasonable period for a licensee to determine definitively whether a project is economically viable and to sign a power purchase agreement. If a licensee cannot meet such a deadline, I believe the site should be made available to potential competitors.

I do not have specific objections to the proposed legislation, except with respect to the ten year maximum time period to begin construction. Suggestions on how to conform the legislation to that

principle are noted.

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S. 421

S. 421 would authorize the Commission to extend by up to six years the construction deadline for commencement of construction

of Project No. 10228.

The Commission issued a license on June 21, 1991, to WV Hydro, Inc. to construct and operate the 80-megawatt Cannelton Hydro-electric Project, to be located at an existing Corps of Engineers dam on the Ohio River, in Hancock County, Kentucky. In 1994, the Commission approved the transfer of the project license to the Cannelton Hydroelectric Project, L.P. The original deadline for the commencement of project construction was June 20, 1993. This deadline was subsequently extended to June 20, 1995, because the licensee had not obtained project financing.

licensee had not obtained project financing.

Project construction entails building a 500-foot-long intake channel, a 700-foot-long tailrace channel, and a new powerhouse, and adding a 700-foot-long transmission line, a recreation area, and re-

lated facilities.

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Thank you for offering me an opportunity to comment on bills affecting the Commission's hydropower program. If I can be of further assistance to you in this or any other Commission matter, please let me know.

With best wishes,
Sincerely,

ELIZABETH A. MOLER, Chair.

CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In compliance with paragraph 12 of rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the Committee notes that no changes in existing law are made by S. 421, as ordered reported.

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